

PET1647F

Water Cooled Triode
For Industrial RF Heating

Drop in equivalent of BR1647F

- Output Power: 118 kW
- Anode voltage: 13 kV max
- Anode dissipation: 50 kW max
- Frequency: 30 MHz max

Manufactured in India, in a world-class facility equipped with high quality machinery, materials and components sourced from reputed suppliers in America, Europe and Japan.

Fifty-two weeks warranty against manufacturing defects irrespective of the number of hours of operation.



Pilani Electron Tubes & Devices Pvt. Ltd.

Patiala Road, Sangrur, PB, 148001, India

Phone: +91-9815309603 Email: sales@pilanielectron.com

Website: www.pilanielectron.com

Version 1.3, February 2018

PET1647F

PET1647F is a power triode of coaxial ceramic-metal construction. It is intended primarily for industrial RF heating machines. Anode is cooled by forced-air.

Electrical characteristics

Filament	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Thoriated tungsten
Filament voltage (see note 1)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8.2 V
Filament Current	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	238 A
Surge filament current (peak) (See note 2).	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1200 A max
Filament cold resistance.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4.0 mΩ
Peak usable cathode current	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	70 A
Amplification factor ($V_a = 10$ kV, $I_a = 5.0$ A).	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	28
Mutual conductance ($V_a = 10$ kV, $I_a = 5.0$ A).	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	51 mA/V
Inter-electrode capacitances:								
Grid to anode	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	47 pF
Grid to filament	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	126 pF
Anode to filament	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2.0 pF

Mechanical characteristics

Overall dimensions	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	See outline drawing
Net weight:	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	16 kg approx, 35 pounds approx
Mounting position	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Vertical, either way up

Accessories

Thermal fuse	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	PA85G
Cathode Connector	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	PA830
For frequencies above 2 MHz, PA830 should be used in conjunction with a strip connection to provide a low inductance cathode return.								

Cooling

The PET1647F air cooling requirements are shown on page 5. The required air flow should be delivered through the radiator immediately before and during the application of any voltages. Filament power, anode power and air flow may be removed simultaneously.

The temperature of the seals and envelope must not exceed 200 °C. Cooling of the seals by low velocity air flow is required.

Radio Frequency Oscillator For Industrial Service

(Class C Conditions, One Tube)

Maximum Ratings (Absolute Values)

Frequency	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	30 MHz
Anode voltage	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13 kV max
Anode input power	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	150 kW max
Anode dissipation	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	50 kW
Grid voltage (negative value)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2.0 kV max
Grid Current								
On load.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3.0 A max
Off load.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3.8 A max
Grid dissipation	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1.8 kW max
Grid Circuit resistance	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10 kΩ max
Cathode current.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	16 A max



Typical Operating Conditions

Frequency	. . . . .	30	30	30	MHz
Anode Voltage	. . . . .	8.0	10	12	kV
Anode current	. . . . .	8.0	10	10.4	A
Anode dissipation	. . . . .	13.6	21.1	21.3	kW
Grid Voltage	. . . . .	-580	-700	-860	V
Grid resistor	. . . . .	322	318	390	Ω
Grid current, on load	. . . . .	1.8	2.2	2.2	A
Grid Current, off load	. . . . .	2.8	3.4	3.4	A
Grid dissipation	. . . . .	711	1100	1100	W
Feedback ratio (See note 4)	. . . . .	13.7	13	12.2	%
Drive Power	. . . . .	1.7	2.6	3.0	kW
Output Power	. . . . .	51.9	84.6	102.9	kW
Efficiency	. . . . .	79.3	80	82.8	%
Oscillator output power (See note 5)	. . . . .	50.2	82	100	kW

NOTES

1. Temporary fluctuations up to + 5% or –10% in filament voltage are permissible.
2. The filament current must not exceed 1200 A, even momentarily, at any time.
3. If the tube is mounted with the anode uppermost, the water inlet and outlet connections should be reversed.
4. The feedback ratio is defined as $V_g(pk)/V_a(pk) \times 100$ where $V_g(pk)$ = peak R.F. grid voltage in volts and $V_a(pk)$ = peak R.F. anode voltage in volts.
5. Oscillator output power = P out – P drive where Pout= output power of tube to anode circuit and P drive = drive power fed back to grid circuit.

HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARDS

PET electronic devices are safe to handle and operate, provided that the precautions stated are observed. PET does not accept responsibility for damage or injury resulting from the use of electronic devices it produces. Equipment manufacturers and users must ensure that adequate precautions are taken. Appropriate warning labels and notices must be provided on equipments using PET devices.



High voltage

Equipment must be designed so that personnel cannot come into contact with high voltage circuits. All high voltage circuits and terminals must be enclosed and fail-safe interlock switches must be fitted to disconnect the primary power supply and discharge all high voltage capacitors and other stored energy before allowing access. Interlock switches must not be bypassed to allow operation with access doors open.



R.F. Radiation

Personnel must not be exposed to excessive r.f. radiation. A properly designed equipment cabinet with good r.f. electrical connection between panels will normally provide sufficient protection.



X-Ray Radiation

This device, when operating at voltages above 5 kV, produces progressively more dangerous X-rays as the voltage is increased, the radiation varies greatly during life. The device envelope provides only limited protection and further shielding may be required. A metal equipment cabinet with overlapping joints will usually provide sufficient shielding, but if there is any doubt an expert in this field should perform an X-ray survey of the equipment.

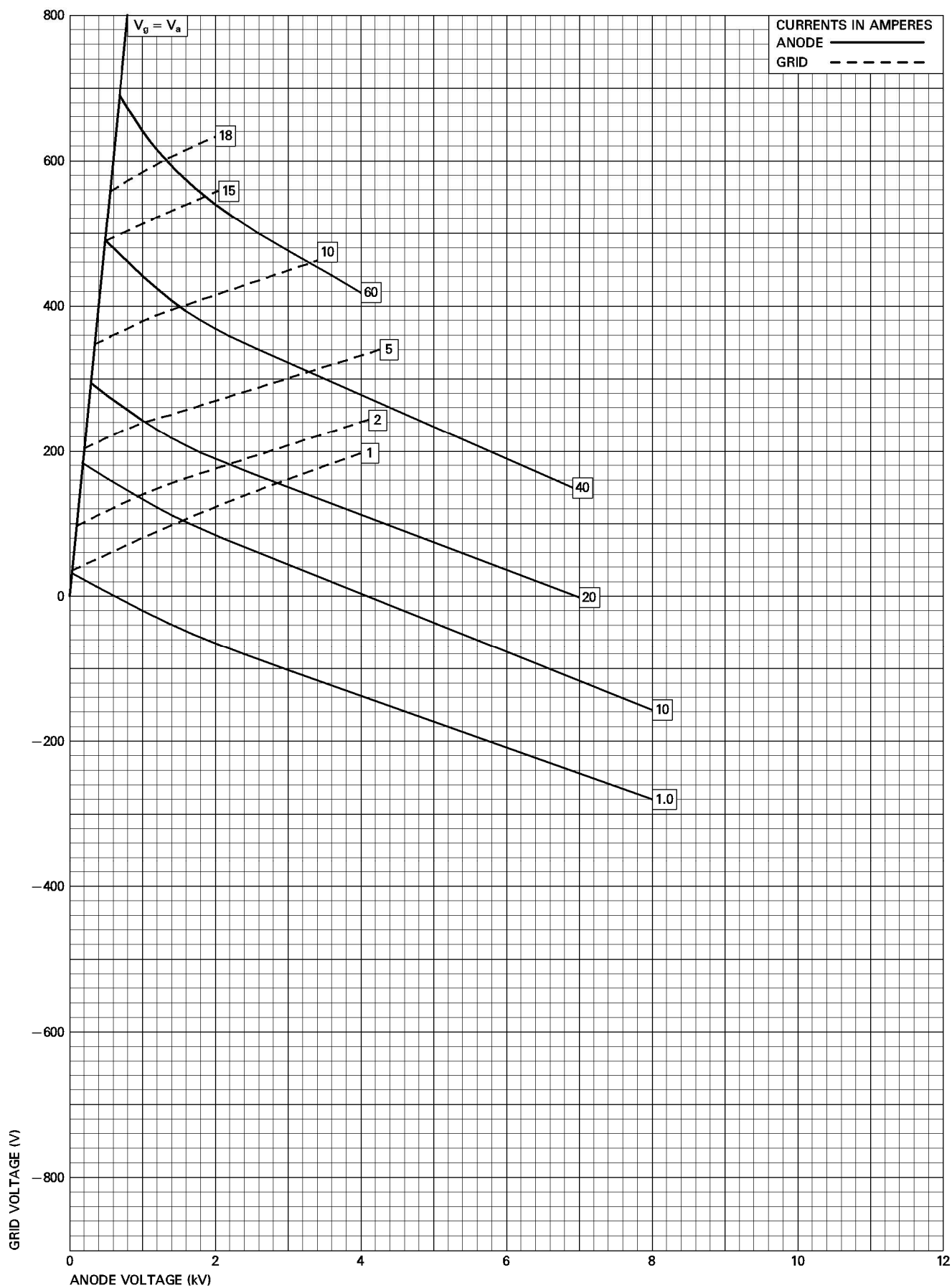


Implosion

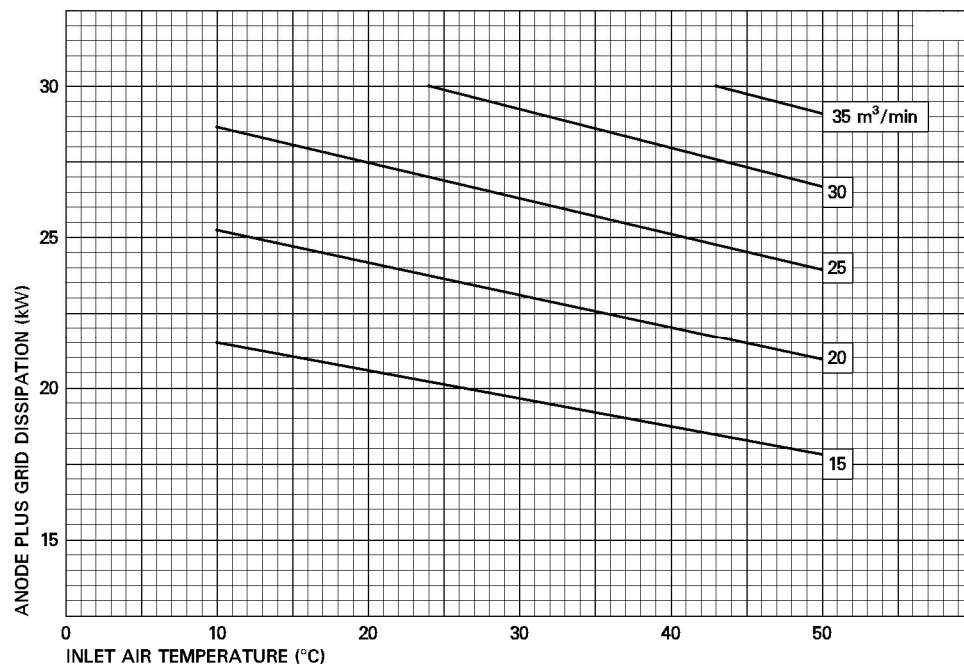
This tube stores potential energy by virtue of its vacuum. The energy level is low, but there is some hazard from flying fragments if the tube is dropped or subjected to violent impact. The tube must be stored and transported in its approved pack. During installation or replacement the tube must not be scratched or damaged in any way likely to reduce the strength of the ceramic envelope.



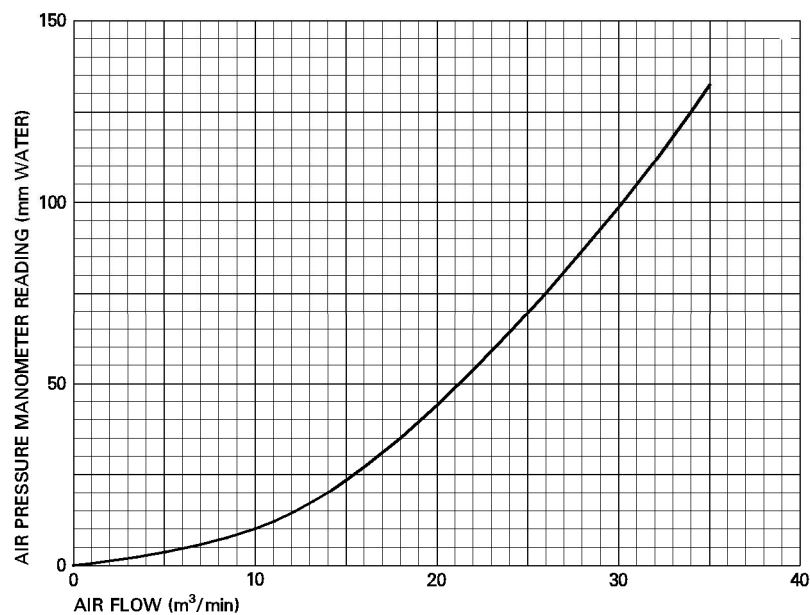
Constant Current Characteristics



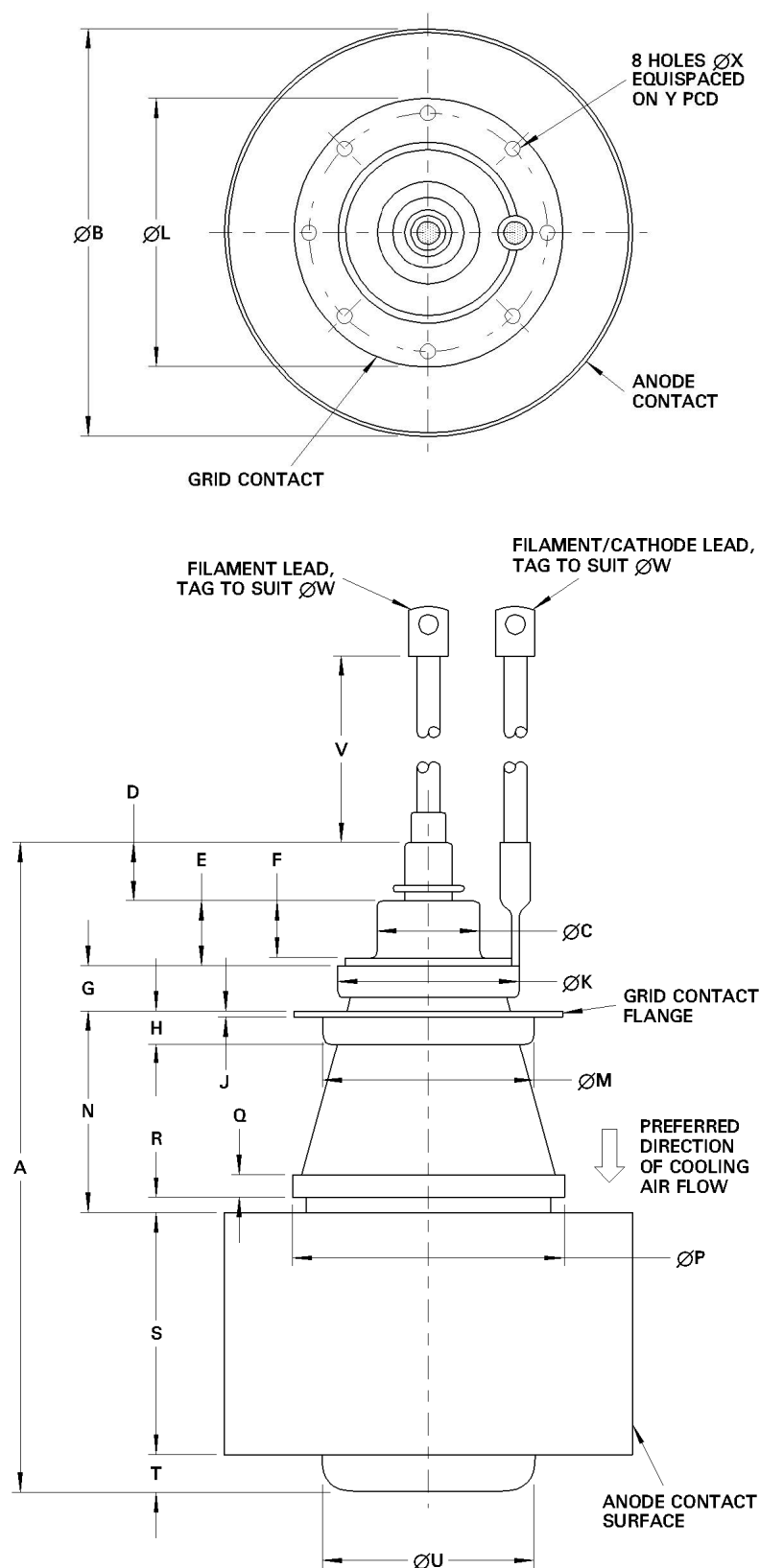
Air Cooling Requirements



TYPICAL AIR FLOW CHARACTERISTIC



Outline Drawing (All dimensions nominal)



Ref	Millimetres
A	349.0
B	215.0
C	54.0
D	36.0
E	33.0
F	29.0
G	24.0
H	18.0
J	3.0
K	96.0
L	142.0
M	112.0
N	108.0
P	145.0
Q	11.5
R	10.0
S	130.0
T	18.0
U	112.0
V	460.0
W	13.1
X	6.3
Y	127.0

This document cannot be considered to be a contractual specification. The information given herein may be modified without notice due to product improvement or further development. Consult Pilani Electron Tubes and Devices before making use of this information for equipment design.